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2 STATE OF IDAHO Idaho Parcel Framework Standard 3 4 A product of the 5 Parcel Technical Working Group (TWG), a subgroup of the Cadastral Technical Working Group (TWG) 6 7 8 Parcel Technical Working Group members who developed this standard: 9 Michael Ciscell Sarah Higuera Anne Kawalec **Canyon County** Idaho Department of Ada County Assessor Water Resources 1115 Albany St 190 E. Front St. Suite 107 322 E. Front St. Caldwell, ID 83605 Boise, ID 83720 shiguera@canyonco.org Boise, ID 83702 Michael.Ciscell@idwr.idaho.gov akawalec@adaweb.net Michele Porter Gary Wilbert Bureau of Land Management Idaho Power 1387 S. Vinnell Way 1221 W. Idaho St. Boise, ID 83709 Boise, ID 83702 Michele Porter@blm.gov GWilbert@idahopower.com 10 Pre-approval Revision History: 11 12 Version 0.1 April – August, 2010. Standard in development. **Contents** 13 14

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51	1.	Introduction to the Parcel Framework Standard
52		A statewide Parcel Framework layer is a critical source of information for resource land
53		management, community and economic development needs, infrastructure maintenance,
54		research and analysis, homeland security, business development, public safety, and more.
55		Most organizations have business needs that can benefit from a Parcel Framework layer,
56		from the private sector to local, state, and federal government agencies.
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58		A Parcel Framework layer is intended to facilitate integration and sharing of parcel data
59		published by this variety of entities and to enhance the dissemination and use of the parcel
60		information to the public domain.
61		This standard was developed by the Parcel Technical Working Group (TWG), a subgroup of
62		the Idaho Cadastral TWG, for The Idaho Map (TIM). The initial standard was written by
63		Michael Ciscell, Sarah Higuera, Anne Kawalec, Michele Porter, and Gary Wilbert.
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65		1.1. Mission and Goals of the Standard
66		This Idaho Parcel Framework standard describes a statewide parcel layer stored as polygons
67		in a geographic information system (GIS). The Idaho Parcel Framework layer will contain
68		parcels from a variety of cooperating entities that maintain GIS parcel data, including local,
69		county, state, federal, and tribal organizations.
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71		It will communicate with, and may have similar attributes to, other Idaho Framework data
72		standards as much as possible. It will establish the minimum attributes and geospatial
73		database schema for the Parcel Framework layer.
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75 76		The Parcel Framework layer will be regularly updated, publically accessible, and beneficial
76 77		to agencies and data customers. The fields in the Parcel Framework standard will be general enough to incorporate basic information from the agencies and will allow for expansion to a
78		more complicated data structure and schema as participation increases.
79		more complicated data structure and senema as participation increases.
80		The ultimate goal is that all Idaho agencies with geospatial parcel data will contribute their
81		information to the Parcel Framework layer.
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83		1.2. Relationship to Existing Standards
84		This Parcel Framework standard will be related to other Idaho Framework standards that
85		exist or are in development.
86		Other standards referenced while creating this standard include:
87		Idaho Geospatial Council Executive Committee, Public Safety Technical Working

Group, February 16, 2010. Structures Data Exchange Standard, Version 0.4. Internet.

89	http://gis.idaho.gov/framework/structures/FinalDraftStructureStandard_vdot4.pdf
90 91	Idaho Geospatial Council Executive Committee, Public Safety Technical Working
91	Group, November 30, 2009. Data Exchange Standard for Emergency Service Zones,
93	Revision 6. Internet.
94	http://gis.idaho.gov/igo/Draft%20Data%20Exchange%20Standard%20for%20ESZ%20
95	rev6.pdf
96	
97	INSIDE Idaho, April 2010. Project overview and geospatial metadata for <i>Road</i>
98	Transportation Framework of Idaho, University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho. Internet.
99 100	http://insideidaho.org/geodata/frameworkPilot/transportation/
100	Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC), Subcommittee on Cadastral Data, May 2008.
102	Cadastral Data Content Standard for the National Spatial Data Infrastructure, Version 1.4.
102	Internet. http://www.nationalcad.org/data/documents/CADSTAND.v.1.4.pdf
103	interfect. http://www.nationalead.org/data/documents/CADSTAND.v.1.4.pdf
	1.2 Description of the Standard
105	1.3. Description of the Standard This standard describes the vision and accoration data structure of a Barcol Francework
106	This standard describes the vision and geospatial data structure of a Parcel Framework
107	layer in the state of Idaho. This standard is devised to be:
108	Simple, easy to understand, and logical
109	Uniformly applicable, whenever possible
110	 Flexible and capable of accommodating future expansions
111 112	Dynamic in terms of continuous review
113	1.4. Applicability and Intended Uses
114	This standard applies to the Parcels element of the Cadastral theme of The Idaho Map
115	(TIM).
116	
117	When implemented, it will enable users to acquire geometry and information about
118	Idaho parcels. It will increase interoperability between automated geographic
119	information systems; enable sharing and efficient transfer of information between
120	agencies and customers; and encourage partnerships between government institutions,
121	the private sector, and the public in order to avoid duplication of effort and ensure
122	effective management of information resources. It will help improve parcel data quality
123	
	over time as errors will be identified and brought to the attention of the agencies.
124	This standard is not instruction on horn society the individual to the instruction of horns
125	This standard is not instruction on how agencies should design their own parcel
126	databases. Rather, it is a standard for a statewide layer into which parcels can be
127	incorporated.
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129	This standard does not consider data sharing agreements, contracts, transactions, privacy
130	concerns, or any other issues relating to the acquisition and dissemination of parcel data.

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132	1.5. Standard Development Process
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134	April - August 2010
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136	The Parcel Technical Working Group (TWG), a subgroup of the Cadastral TWG, is a
137	voluntary group of private, city, county, tribal, state, and federal representatives. In March
138 139	2010, the Parcel TWG chairperson called for a few TWG volunteers to begin developing the standard for the statewide Idaho Parcel Framework. A team of five gathered, representing
140	private, county, state, and federal organizations.
141	private, county, state, and rederar organizations.
142	The team looked to fellow Idaho Framework teams to see what other standards or datasets
143	exist or are currently in development. Two were found at the time: the draft standards for
144	Emergency Service Zones and Structures (both of which are under the Public Safety
145	Framework). These draft standards were used as a reference.
146	Widi at D. IT. L. IW. I. C. at D. 10(1 IT. at 4).
147 148	With input from the Parcel Technical Working Group, the Parcel Standard Team wrote this Parcel Framework standard in the format required by the Idaho Information Technology
146 149	Resource Management Council (ITRMC) Framework Standards Development Policy
150	(P5030).
151	(2 2 3 2 3).
152	1.6. Maintenance of the Standard
153	This standard will be revised as needed and in accordance with the ITRMC Framework
154	Standards Development Policy (P5030) guidance.
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156 2.	Body of the Standard
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158	2.1. Scope and Content
159	The scope of the Parcel Framework standard is to describe a statewide, publicly-
160	available geospatial layer which identifies the physical locations and attributes of parcels
161	in Idaho.
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163	2.2. Need
164	Parcels are a key dataset needed for resource land managers, community and business
165	development needs, infrastructure maintenance, research, homeland security, public
166	safety, and more. This standard provides the impetus to aggregate parcel data for
167	centralized access and stewardship information.
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169	2.3. Participation in the Standard Development
170	The development of the Parcel Framework standard adheres to the ITRMC Framework
170 171	Standards Development Policy (P5030). The Parcel Standard Team tasked with
172	developing this standard represents private, county, state, and federal organizations. As
173	the standard is reviewed in accordance with Policy P5030 requirements, there will be
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opportunity for broad participation and input by stakeholders in the development of this standard. The process will be equally broad for input on updates and enhancements to the standard. As with all Idaho Framework standards, public review and comments on the Parcel Framework standard is encouraged.

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2.4. Integration with Other Standards

The Parcel Framework standard follows the same documentation format as other Idaho geospatial framework data standards. The parcel standard may contain some of the same attributes as other framework standards and may adopt the field name, definition, and domain from the other standards to promote consistency.

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2.5. Technical and Operation Context

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2.5.1. **Data Environment**

The data environment is a vector model, containing closed vector polygons with a specific standardized set of attributes pertinent to the Parcel Framework.

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Parcel data must be submitted to the Parcel Framework layer in a format consisting of closed vector polygons.

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2.5.2. Reference Systems

system.

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(IDTM) NAD83 coordinate system, which is the State of Idaho's single zone coordinate system. Submitted data sources must have a defined coordinate

Some data provided might contain geometry from GPS methods, and the provided

metadata should describe this if applicable. However, geometry from a GPS is not

required for data participating in the Idaho Parcel Framework layer.

The Parcel Framework layer will be published in the Idaho Transverse Mercator

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2.5.4. **Interdependence of Themes**

2.5.3. Global Positioning Systems (GPS)

206 Parcel data may be coincident with other framework data, such as cadastral, 207 hydrography, roads, structures, etc. At this time there is no enforcement of 208 coincidence or topology relationships between the Parcel Framework and other Idaho Framework layers.

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2.5.5. Encoding

212 When data is imported into and exported from the Parcel Framework layer, 213 encoding will take place to convert data formats and attributes, likely by the use 214 of modeling or scripting. 215 216 2.5.6. Resolution 217 The Parcel Framework layer will accept data from agencies regardless of 218 resolution. There will be a variety of spatial resolution in the parcel polygons 219 across the Parcel Framework layer because of different data collection and 220 processing methods of agencies. Metadata included with the source data should 221 address this resolution topic. 222 223 2.5.7. **Accuracy** 224 The Parcel Framework layer will accept data from agencies regardless of 225 accuracy. As with resolution, accuracy will also vary across the Parcel 226 Framework layer due to the agencies' processes. Accuracy should be addressed in 227 the submitted metadata. The Parcel Framework steward will not be responsible 228 for poor accuracy found in submitted data. 229 230 2.5.8. Edge Matching 231 The Parcel Framework layer will not require that any submitted parcel data be 232 edgematched within itself. Similarly, edge-matching will not be enforced within 233 the Parcel Framework layer. 234 2.5.9. Unique Identifier 235 236 There is currently no plan to create and maintain a permanent unique identifier 237 specific to each parcel polygon served in the Parcel Framework layer. 238 239 2.5.10. **Attributes** 240 Attributes are information that describes each parcel polygon. See Data 241 Characteristics in Section 3 of this standard for required and optional Parcel 242 Framework attributes. 243 244 2.5.11. Stewardship 245 Perpetual maintenance and other aspects of lifecycle management are essential to 246 the Parcel Framework layer. Details of partnerships, their roles and 247 responsibilities, and database design and processes will be set forth in a 248 stewardship plan and other related documents in the future. 249

2.5.12. Records Management and Archiving

251 Records management and archiving for the Parcel Framework layer will be 252 described in the forthcoming stewardship plan and related documents.

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2.5.13. **Metadata**

255 The Parcel Framework layer metadata will describe the methods used to aggregate the individual parcel data sources, processes or crosswalks performed, 256 257 attributes, and other information. This metadata will conform to metadata 258 standards of the State of Idaho and the Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC). Submitted data sources must also have metadata.

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3. Data Characteristics

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3.1. Minimum Graphic Data Elements

The geometry of the features in the Parcel Framework database must be closed vector polygons.

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3.2. Optional Graphic Data Elements

Not applicable.

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3.3. Minimum Required Attributes for Public Distribution

The following attributes are required for all polygons in the Parcel Framework layer.

Field Name	Data Type	Length	Description	Required	Examples
PARCEL_ID	Text	TBD	The unique county or agency identifier for that parcel as used by the source agency.	Yes	County Parcel ID or PIN
AGENCY	Text	TBD	The entity that created the polygon and can answer specific questions about the history and geometry of the polygon.	Yes	TBD
UPDATED	Date	N/A	The date that the data was received by the Parcel Framework.	Yes	N/A
MODIFIED	Date	N/A	The date that the polygon was last edited by the agency.	Yes, if exists	N/A
WEBSITE	Text	255	The URL for a public internet site for further	Yes, if exists	Examples: Ada County

			information.		http://www.adacountyasse ssor.org/propsys/ParcelSe arch.jsp
					Canyon County http://id-canyon- assessor.governmaxa.com/ propertymax/rover30.asp
					Idaho Department of Lands http://gis1.idl.idaho.gov/D LR/
COUNTY	Text	20	The Idaho county within which the PARCEL_ID is relevant.	Yes	There are 44 possible county values for Idaho.

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3.4. Additional Required Attributes for Inter-Governmental Distribution

The following attributes are required for polygons in the Parcel Framework provided to governmental entities.

Field Name	Data Type	Length	Description	Requi red	Examples
OWNER_1	Text	TBD	Owner of Parcel	Yes	
OWNER_2	Text	TBD	Additional owner of parcel	Yes	
MAILING_ADDRESS_1	Text	TBD	Mailing address of owner	Yes	
MAILING_ADDRESS_2	Text	TBD	Additional mailing address of owner	Yes	
MAILING_CITY	Text	TBD	Mailing city of owner	Yes	
MAILING_STATE	Text	TBD	Mailing state of owner	Yes	
MAILING_ZIPCODE	Text	TBD	Mailing U.S. zip code of owner	Yes	
MAILING_COUNTRY	Text	TBD	Mailing country of owner	Yes	
SITE_ADDRESS	Text	TBD	Site address of property	Yes	
SITE_ZIPCODE	Text	TBD	Zip code of property	Yes	
CATEGORY_1	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_2	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_3	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_4	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_5	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_6	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
CATEGORY_7	Text	2	Assessed land use	Yes	
IRRIGATED_ACREAGE	Float		Irrigated acreage by land use category	Yes	
ZONING	Text	TBD	Zoning category	Yes	
LEGAL_DESC_1	Text	TBD	Legal description	Yes	
LEGAL_DESC_2	Text	TBD	Legal description	Yes	

LEGAL_DESC_3	Text	TBD	Legal description	Yes	
LEGAL_DESC_4	Text	TBD	Legal description	Yes	
LEGAL_DESC_5	Text	TBD	Legal description	Yes	
SUBDIVISION _NAME	Text	TBD	Subdivision name	Yes	
VALUATION	TBD	TBD	Assessed value of	Yes	
			property		

3.5. Data Quality

The Parcel Framework layer will accept parcel data from agencies with minimal expectations of data quality. Inclusion into the Parcel Framework layer will likely lead to improved data quality as agencies and data customers provide and receive feedback on data quality issues. Refer to the earlier parts of this standard regarding specific data quality topics such as accuracy and edge matching.



287	
288	Appendix A: References
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290	Idaho Geospatial Office, November 2009. White Paper on Parcel Mapping Concept.
291	Internet.
292	http://gis.idaho.gov/framework/White%20Paper%20re%20Parcel%20Mapping%20Fund%
293	<u>20110609.pdf</u>
294	
295	Idaho Geospatial Office, Public Safety Technical Working Group, February 16, 2010.
296	Structures Data Exchange Standard, Version 0.4. Internet.
297	http://gis.idaho.gov/framework/structures/FinalDraftStructureStandard_vdot4.pdf
298	
299	Idaho Geospatial Office, Public Safety Technical Working Group, November 30, 2009.
300	Data Exchange Standard for Emergency Service Zones, Revision 6. Internet.
301	http://gis.idaho.gov/igo/Draft%20Data%20Exchange%20Standard%20for%20ESZ%20rev
302	<u>6.pdf</u>
303	
304	INSIDE Idaho, April 2010. Project overview and geospatial metadata for <i>Road</i>
305	Transportation Framework of Idaho, University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho. Internet.
306	http://insideidaho.org/geodata/frameworkPilot/transportation/
307	
308	The University of Washington Geographic Information Service at the School of Forest
309	Resources, January 20, 2010. Project overview and technical documentation of the
310	Washington State Parcel Database, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington.
311	Internet. http://depts.washington.edu/wagis/projects/parcels/
312	
313	State of Oregon. The Oregon Map. Internet. http://www.ormap.com/index.cfm
314	Endard Congrathic Data Committee (ECDC). Subsequentities on Codestral Data
315	Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC), Subcommittee on Cadastral Data,
316 317	September 2007. State Stewardship for Parcel Data. Internet.
	http://www.ncgicc.com/Portals/3/documents/StateStewardship_CadastralData_%20Sept20
318 319	<u>07.pdf</u>
320	Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC), Subcommittee on Cadastral Data, May
321	2008. Cadastral Data Content Standard for the National Spatial Data Infrastructure,
322	Version 1.4. http://www.nationalcad.org/data/documents/CADSTAND.v.1.4.pdf
323	Version 1.4. http://www.nationalead.org/data/documents/e/1D517414D.v.1.4.pdr
324	Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI). Internet. http://www.esri.com
325	Information Technology Resource Management Council (ITRMC). Information and Data Policy
326	P5000, Category: P5030 Framework Standards Development Policy.
327	http://itrmc.idaho.gov/psg/p5030.pdf

328	Information Technology Resource Management Council (ITRMC). Enterprise Standards S4000
329	Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Data, Category: S4220 Geospatial Metadata.
330	http://www2.state.id.us/itrmc/plan&policies/Standards/S4220_GeospatialMetadata.pdf
331	Appendix B: Glossary
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333	Agency: the entity that created the geospatial features and can answer specific questions about
334	the history and the geometry of the data. (Idaho Parcel Standard Team)
335	
336	Data Customer: anyone who uses the Parcel Framework layer. This includes public citizens,
337	private businesses, educational institutions, non-profit organizations, and government agencies at
338	all levels. (Idaho Parcel Standard Team)
339	
340	Encoding: the recording or reformatting of data into a computer format. Data may be encoded to
341	reduce storage, increase security, or to transfer it between systems using different file formats. In
342	GIS, analog graphic data, such as paper maps and images are encoded into computer formats by
343 344	scanning or digitizing. (ESRI)
3 44 345	Framework: statewide base map datasets identified and described in the Strategic and Business
345 346	Plans for Development and Deployment of Idaho's Spatial Data Infrastructure
347	(http://gis.idaho.gov/IGO/stratplan.htm) and depicted in the Framework Diagram
348	(http://gis.idaho.gov/Framework.htm). (ITRMC P5030)
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350	Parcel: a single cadastral unit which is the spatial extent of the current rights and interests in real
351	property. (Idaho Parcel Standard Team)
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353	Parcel Framework layer: a statewide parcel layer stored as polygons. The Idaho Parcel
354	Framework layer will contain parcels from a variety of agenciesfrom local, county, state,
355	federal, and tribal organizations. (Idaho Parcel Standard Team)